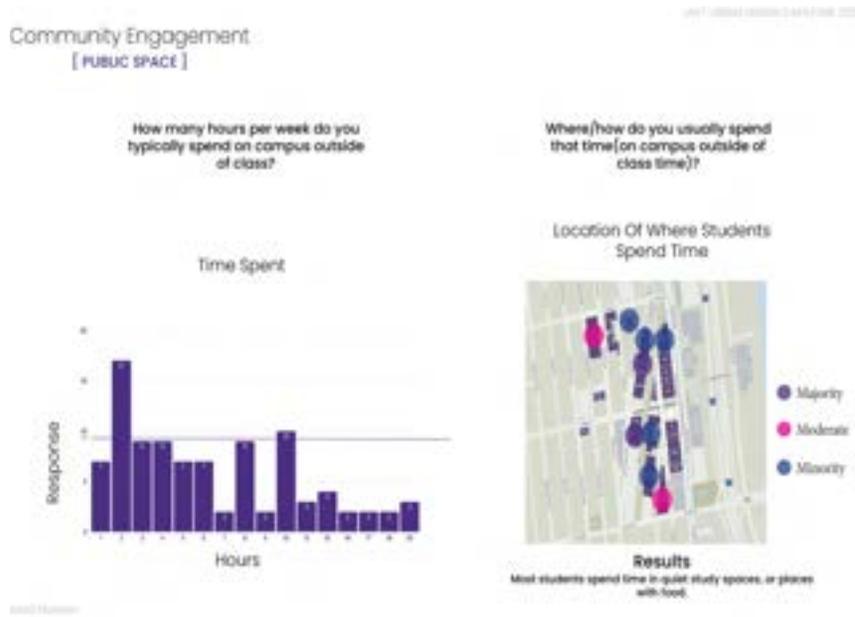


While analyzing spaces on campus we noticed the spatial clustering of student resources near key academic and student affairs buildings (especially SNO and MAT) suggests a deliberate planning effort to centralize student support for easy access. The inclusion of both formal (counseling, child watch) and informal (LGBTQ+ community space, makerspace) services supports holistic student well-being. Although because of this clustering and same space area located on the edge of campus it makes it difficult for students to reach these resources without going all of the way out. When we look at this too a lot of the spaces for students identity related are clustered and not necessarily independent, but more shared. Because of this high concentration aswell there is underutilized space across other buildings on campus which could serve to give students dedicated personal spaces.



Beyond ADA resources

I found in my research most religious and or / accepting spaces are found in the CEI (center for equity and inclusion) located in the SNO building and other resources are found in the MAT (mattress factory)

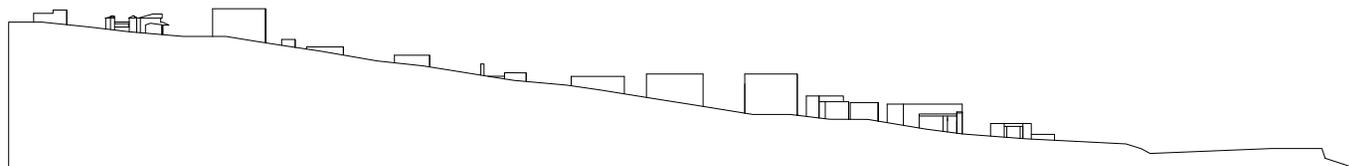
Some resources include

- Meditation Space (SNO-CEI) (religious space)
- student gathering space for LGBTQ+ and allies to build community (SNO 139A conference room)
- Computers Printers etc..(SNO)
- Makers Space (SNO)
- Office of student life (for child care, housing, food, situation assistance) (MAT 103)
- ASUWT (UY 107)
- Counseling and Psychological "PAWS" (MAT 354)
- First Generation initiatives (MAT 213)
- UYMCA Child Watch (University YMCA)
- TPS Lobby/ New WCG (TPS)

Student Recreation (ON CAMPUS)

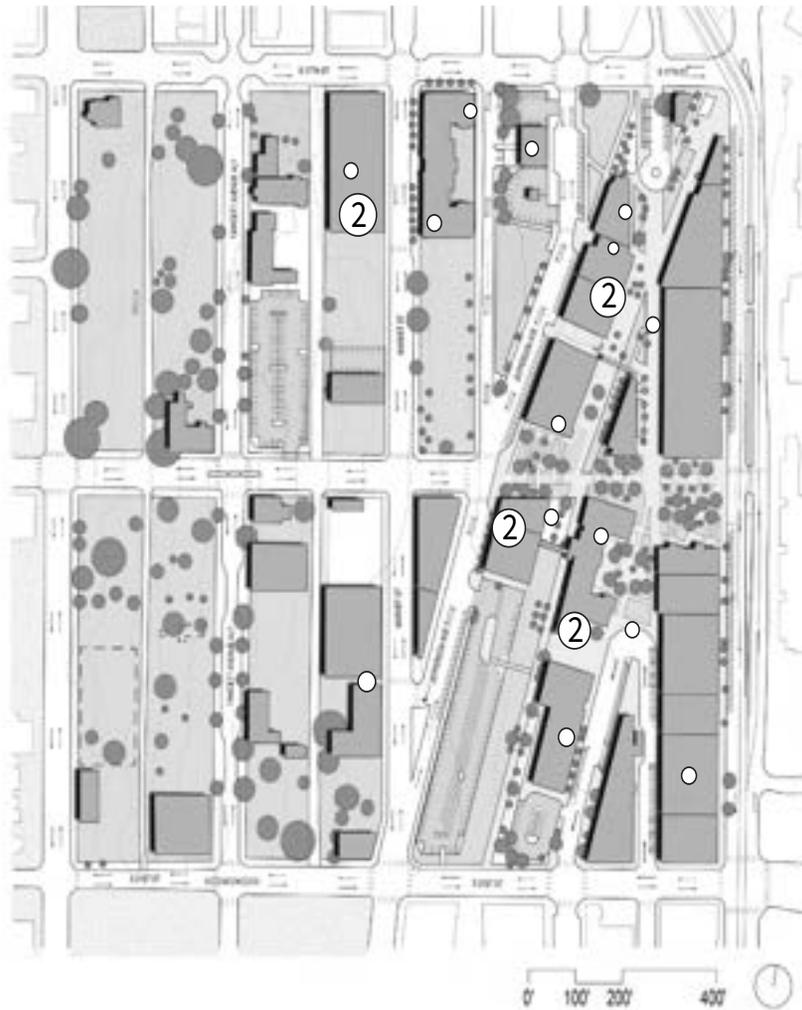
- MAT
- TPS
- Court 17
- UY
- SNO
- Pacific Ave

Photo courtesy of Asad Hussein.



Community Engagement [Public Space]

Mentimeter



Scan the QR code and tell us where you usually spend time on campus?



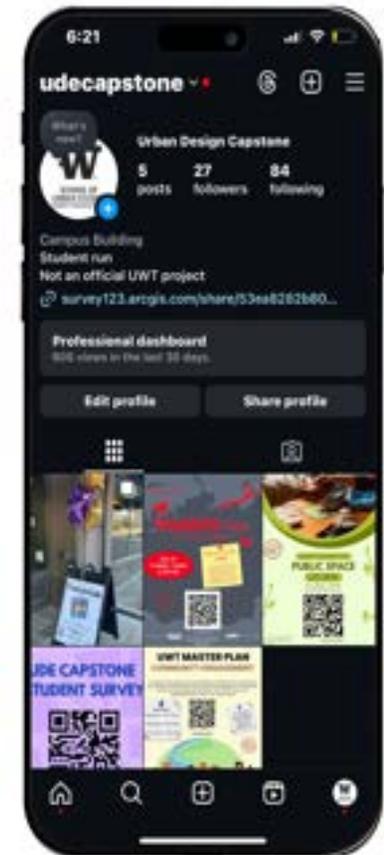
Accessed foot traffic downstairs grabbing students attention as they walked in and out of the dining area.



Using Music as a way to grab attention immediately and working with community RSO's.

Social Media

Exposed 605 accounts to survey posts and event posts.



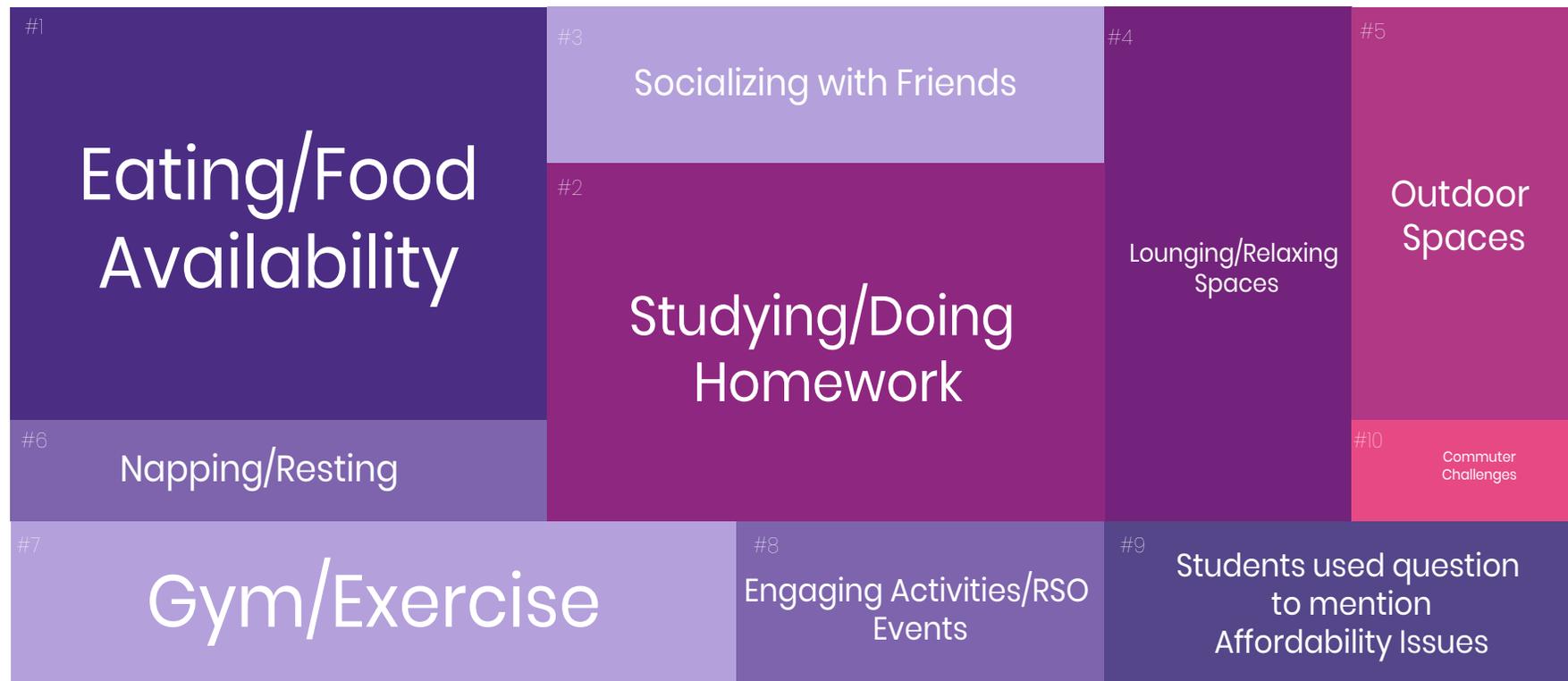
Hugo Ennis

Community Engagement

[PUBLIC SPACE]

How would you rather spend time in between classes on campus? (give a few examples)

TESTIMONIES



Hugo Ennis

Using the civil engineering capstones topographical lidar data we were able to find some of the hardest to access places on campus and create a map that allowed us to argue our decisions for proposing infrastructure for our UDF's.

Threat Analysis



Market St & S19th

Areas with a grade over 12% that could present a high risk for those using ada devices.

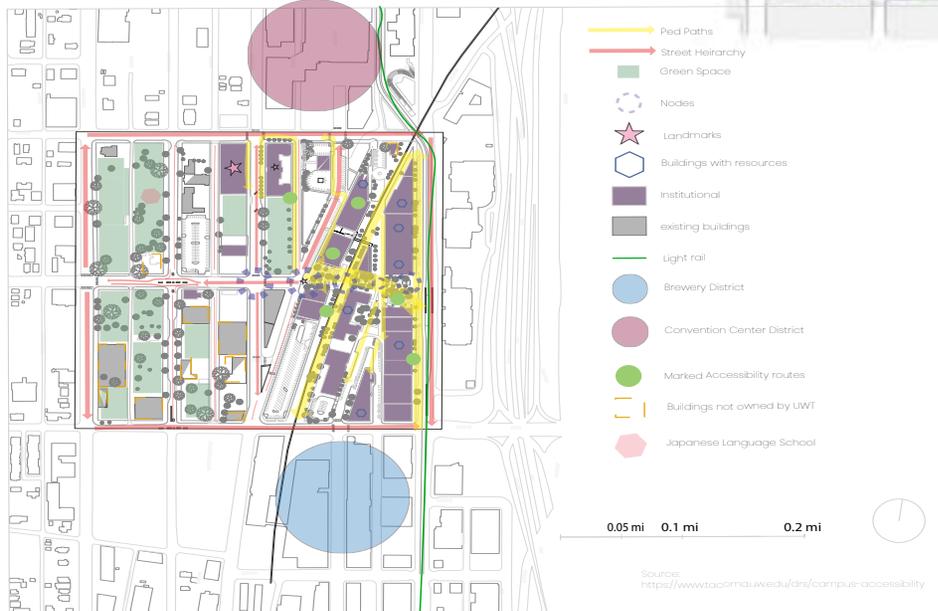
Accessibility routes provided by DRS website

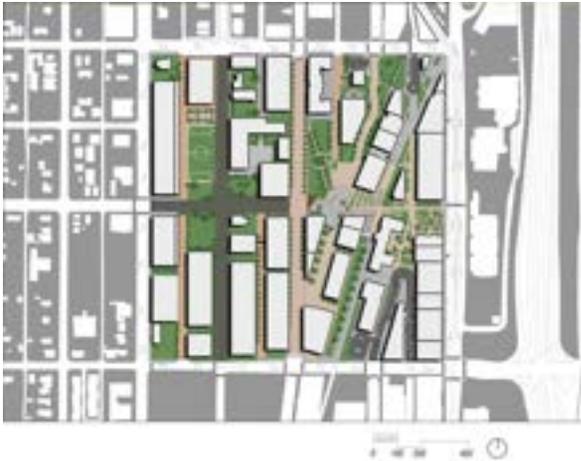
Civil Engineer provided grade Lidar Map



Grade over 12% not ADA accessible

Urban Form Analysis





My proposal was largely focused on the ideas of creating places and spaces for students to socialize and be students. Privacy and a large focus of giving students spaces to create community is something largely found in our data which was a big push in creating these spaces.

Student spaces are key for developing culture, community, and embracing the student population that creates the campus that we serve.

Civil Engineering & Urban Design, Spring 2025
UWT CollabCapstone | Urban Design Collaborator(s): Hugo Ennis | Expert advisor(s): Jeff Walters, Ph.D., Tim Nordstrom, SE PE | Student: Lani Ferworm & Nicholas Rainwater
 Site: COURT D SKYBRIDGE

Problem statement
 This projects purpose is to provide a proof of concept of a pedestrian skybridge with the intention of facilitating ease of access in a hilly terrain, and improving safety. The bridge can be fabricated locally and built using readily available HSS members to streamline development and lower costs.

Conceptual Drawings

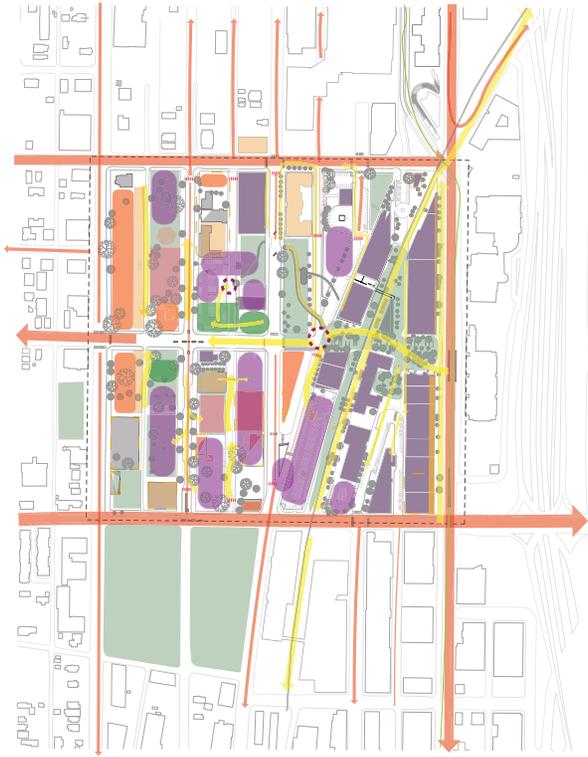
Structural Analysis

Exaggerated Deflections

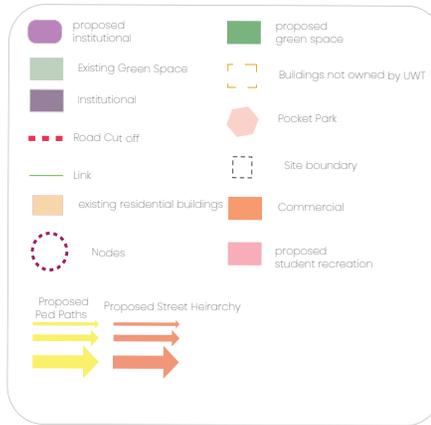
Member Forces and Calcs

Max Compression Member (43,372 Ksi)

Max Tension Member (24,112 Ksi)

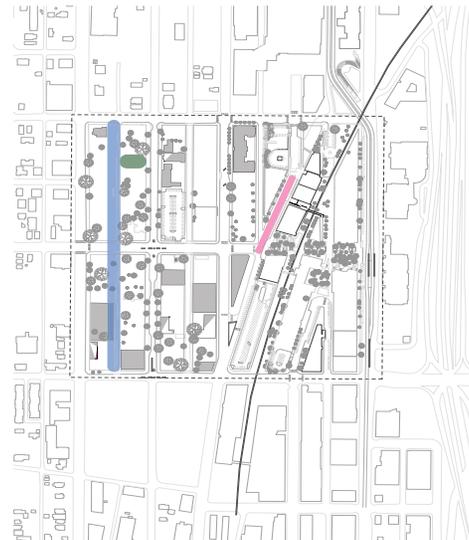


Urban Design Framework



Sources
<https://www.tacomu.wedu/drs/campus-accessibility>

0.05 mi 0.1 mi 0.2 mi



Case Studies

- The Pocket Park Green River Park** in Seattle. It can be used to properly honor the campus history and the site that it sits on, while also being functional as a student space that is interactive and dynamic. Using a pocket park is great when there isn't a lot of space and to make functional.
- Green Corridors** not only lower temperatures and create more green opportunities, but they also create opportunities for wastewater treatment and other green solutions, while letting students get an unobstructed direct outdoor areas of campus. While not to scale the location in Seattle makes the case an indoor and public space to create an efficient public space.
- While hard to find a case study, there is a building at the University of San Francisco that has received the best score in a top five business to operate underneath with student housing located on top. After looking through images and rough rendering in a form of a disabled student housing and a view of an existing urban site to provide student housing and public recreational space, incorporating this use distribution would help support communities and students.

Active Edge

0.05 mi 0.1 mi 0.2 mi



VIDEO FRAMES

